• कृपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रश्न-पत्र में मुद्रित पृष्ठ 8 + 2 मानचित्र हैं।
• प्रश्न-पत्र में दाहिने हाथ की ओर दिए गए कोड नंबर को छात्र उत्तर-पुस्तिका के मुख-पृष्ठ पर लिखें।
• कृपया जाँच कर लें कि इस प्रश्न-पत्र में 30 प्रश्न हैं।
• कृपया प्रश्न का उत्तर लिखना शुरू करने से पहले, प्रश्न का क्रमांक अवश्य लिखें।
• इस प्रश्न-पत्र को पढ़ने के लिए 15 मिनट का समय दिया गया है। प्रश्न-पत्र का वितरण पूर्वांत में 10.15 बजे किया जाएगा। 10.15 बजे से 10.30 बजे तक छात्र केवल प्रश्न-पत्र को पढ़ेंगे और इस अवधि के दौरान वे उत्तर-पुस्तिका पर कोई उत्तर नहीं लिखेंगे।
• Please check that this question paper contains 8 printed pages + 2 Maps.
• Code number given on the right hand side of the question paper should be written on the title page of the answer-book by the candidate.
• Please check that this question paper contains 30 questions.
• Please write down the Serial Number of the question before attempting it.
• 15 minute time has been allotted to read this question paper. The question paper will be distributed at 10.15 a.m. From 10.15 a.m. to 10.30 a.m., the students will read the question paper only and will not write any answer on the answer-book during this period.
General Instructions:

(i) The question paper has 30 questions in all. All questions are compulsory.

(ii) Marks are indicated against each question.

(iii) Questions from serial number 1 to 8 are Very Short Answer Questions. Each question carries 1 mark. Answers to these questions should not exceed 30 words each.

(iv) Questions from serial number 9 to 20 are 3 marks questions. Answers to these questions should not exceed 80 words each.

(v) Questions from serial number 21 to 28 are 5 marks questions. Answers to these questions should not exceed 120 words each.

(vi) Question numbers 29 and 30 are map questions of 3 marks each from History and Geography both. After completion, attach the maps inside your answer-book.
1. Name the writer of the book ‘Hind Swaraj’.

2. Name the river related to National Waterways No. 2.

3. Explain any one difference between a pressure group and a political party.

4. Explain the meaning of democracy.

5. Name any one political party of India which grew out of a movement.

6. How does the use of money make it easier to exchange things? Give an example.

7. Give an example of violation of consumer’s right to choose.

8. How is the maximum retail price printed on packets beneficial for you?

9. Describe any three economic hardships faced by Europe in the 1830s.

OR

Describe any three problems faced by the French in the sphere of education in Vietnam.

11. Evaluate the role of business classes in the ‘Civil Disobedience Movement’.


13. Analyse the role of the manufacturing sector in the economic development of India.

14. Examine with example the role of means of transport and communication in making our life prosperous and comfortable.

15. Analyse the role of popular struggles in the development of democracy.

17. On the basis of which values will it be a fair expectation that democracy should produce a harmonious social life? Explain.

18. Explain any three loan activities of banks in India.


20. Analyse the importance of the three-tier judicial machinery under Consumer Protection Act (COPRA), 1986 for redressal of consumer disputes.


OR

Examine the reasons that forced America to withdraw from the Vietnam war.

23. Why is it necessary to conserve mineral resources? Explain any four ways to conserve mineral resources.

24. Analyse the role of chemical industries in the Indian economy.

25. Describe any five characteristics of democracy.

26. “It is very difficult to reform politics through legal ways.” Evaluate the statement.

27. Analyse any five positive effects of globalisation on the Indian economy.

Three features A, B and C are marked on the given political outline map of India (on page 9). Identify these features with the help of the following information and write their correct names on the lines marked on the map:

A. The city associated with the Jallianwala Bagh incident.
B. The place where the Indian National Congress session was held.
C. The place where Gandhiji violated the Salt Law.

Note: The following questions are for the Visually Impaired Candidates only, in lieu of Q. No. 29:

(29.1) Name the city related to Jallianwala Bagh incident.
(29.2) Name the State where the Indigo planters organised Satyagraha.
(29.3) Name the place where Gandhiji violated the Salt Law.
30. On the given political outline map of India (on page 11) locate and label the following features with appropriate symbols:

A. Naraura – Nuclear Power Plant
B. Tuticorin – Major Sea Port
C. Bhilai – Iron and Steel Plant

Note: The following questions are for the Visually Impaired Candidates only, in lieu of Q. No. 30:

(30.1) Name the State where Naraura Nuclear Power Plant is located.
(30.2) Name the State where Tuticorin Sea Port is located.
(30.3) In which State is the Bhilai Iron and Steel Plant located?
For question no. 29

भारत का रेखा-मानचित्र (राजनीतिक)

Outline Map of India (Political)
Outline Map of India (Political)